

ANNUAL REPORT 2014-15

CESR

CENTRE FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIO- ECONOMIC REGENERATION (CESR)

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HISTORY AND DEVELOPMENT OF CESR

BACKGROUND:

A group of social workers had been working in the tribal dominated areas of the Chhotonagpur plateau of West Bengal including the districts of Purulia, Bankura, Midnapore and Birbhum since 1990. The basic programmes included generation of environmental awareness, people's institution building and enabling people to initiate participatory planning process using natural resources. Since most of the members of the group happened to be the native of this agro-ecological zone and, became highly concerned with the massive deforestation, erosion of soil, increase in migration rate, degradation of social values and increase in poverty the situation prompted them to form a formal group of professionals in order to enable them to work on the problems. The group was then (1993) registered under the Societies' Registration Act to undertake development activities in the region in a systematic manner. During the year 1997 the organization also registered its name under the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act of the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.

MISSION

The main mission of the organization is to create an enabling environment where people, especially the disadvantaged and marginalized community can participate in the development process with equity in order to bring about overall well being of masses by restoring and sustaining the productive natural resource base.

VISION

With increased population, industrialization, infrastructure development and its consequent pressure on the demand of biomass, thousands of hectares of vegetative land have been denuded and water resources have been depleted and polluted. As a result, the forest based agro-ecosystem has undergone drastic environmental changes causing threats not only to the survival of numerous species of plants and animals but also to the livelihood system of masses. This environmental degradation has been taking a heavy toll on the health and economy of the people, especially of disadvantaged and marginalized community; thereby making any poverty alleviation effort as most challenging task. On the other hand, State's resources meant for poverty eradication and development are not adequately reaching to the targeted community because of bad governance. Therefore, CESR envisions for an appropriate action where community can take up the responsibility to regenerate the natural resources based productive system and participate in the development process by influencing the governance system so as to make it proactive and pro-poor. To realize this, people's traditional knowledge and appropriate technology will be effectively utilized. CESR will join similar initiatives of government and non-government organizations to bring a greater synergy and convergence. With this conviction the organization has started its activities.

OBJECTIVES

Basic objectives of the organization are;

- To promote ecologically sustainable development and improve the Quality of Life (QOL) through strategies of collective well being.
- To initiate and undertake economic development programmes with local resource-based practices such as agriculture, horticulture, pisciculture, cottage industries, animal husbandry, agro-forestry, wasteland development, etc.
- To undertake researches, training, consultancy and counseling on the environmental and socio-economic problems aimed at designing development strategies that foster sustainable natural resource use, preservation of biodiversity, reduction of environmental pollution, minimizing socio-economic and gender disparities, support child development and better health care for the people both in the

rural and the urban areas.

- To promote environmental educational programme designed to heighten the level of awareness of grass-root level people about issues such as environment, population, health and development and the interrelationship among them.
- To preserve cultural heritage with special emphasis on folk and tribal culture in rural areas and codify & document indigenous knowledge systems for their wider dissemination.
- To organize women's group for collective social and economic action for overall development of the villages, as well as, the upliftment of the status of women.
- To initiate legal literacy programmes for generating legal awareness amongst the deprived communities for their entitlement.
- To influence the local governance system (PRIs and line departments) to become more responsive in the delivery of programmes
- To analyze the problems of youth and develop entrepreneurial capabilities of the unemployed and underemployed youth.
- To document and disseminate the development initiatives for action, reflection and impact assessment.

STRATEGY

For achieving the above objectives CESR's strategy is to motivate the people towards integrated sustainable development along with mobilizing biological, physical and natural resources. The steps undertaken by CESR in the process are;-

- * Diagnosis of problems through participatory approaches, situational studies and livelihood analysis.
- * Facilitating people's co-operation and participation.
- * Mobilizing PRI, local, government and non-government organizations' resources for effective promotion of initiatives.

The Committees:

A. Executive Committee:-

The organization has constituted an Executive Committee as per rules of the Societies' Registration Act, Govt. of West Bengal. The Office bearers are the Chairman, Secretary, Asst. Secretary, Treasurer and 5 EC Members. Secretary is the Functional Executive of the organization for running the organization's day to day activities. For initiating any new activities and adopting any new policy unanimous decisions are taken in the meeting of the executive committee.

The names of the members of the Executive Committee are given in the following table.

| Sl.No. | Name of the Office bearers and EC Members | Educational Qualification | Year of experience | Designation in the Executive Committee |
|--------|---|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 1. | Mr. A. K. Pati | M.S.W. | 47 | Chairman |
| 2. | Mr. D. Panda | M.S.W. | 29 | Secretary |
| 3. | Mr. L.Hembram | .M.Sc.(Agronomy) | 12 | Asst. Secretary |
| 4. | Mr. Sudhakar Ghosh | M.S.W. | 31 | Treasurer |
| 5. | Mr. S. Dutta | M.Sc.(Agril. Extn.) | 25 | Member |
| 6. | Mrs. M. Chakraborty | M.Sc.(Stat.) | 22 | Member |
| 7. | Mr. D. K. Patra | M.S.W. | 29 | Member |
| 8. | Mr. S. N. Samui | M.S.W. | 28 | Member |
| 9. | Mrs. S. Sarkar (Pal) | M.Sc. (Ecol.) | 26 | Member |

Besides the member professionals of the Executive Committee the services of other professionals who are general members of CESR are also available for planning and implementation of different types of activities.

B. The Advisory Committee:

An advisory committee has been constituted with a few eminent personalities of various disciplines with their vast experiences. The very purpose of forming such an advisory body is to keep a close eye on the activities of the organization towards making an objective monitoring in one hand and to extend advice and give directions in the line of thrust areas in the front line and in the recent innovations in the field of development on the other.

AREA OF OPERATION

CESR has been working in the Scheduled Tribe, Scheduled Caste and Other Backward Communities dominated 206 villages under the CD Blocks of Hura, Pancha, Manbazar-II, Bandwan, Barabazar, Bagmundi, Arsha, Purulia-I and Kashipur in the district of Purulia in West Bengal. The villages were selected considering its backwardness in terms of low employment availability, poor income generation, lower rate of literacy, lower level of health status and environmental degradation due to deforestation. Again under Childline 1098 Services the organization covering all the villages in all the 20 CD Blocks in the district

The target group:

The organization, as already mentioned, has been working in 206 villages located in the tribal dominated part of the Chhotnagpur plateau of West Bengal. This being a part of the forest-based agro-ecosystem the people were mainly dependent on forest-based resources. Over the period because of very high denudation of forest resources the ecosystem has become rather fragile. The life and living of the tribal population mainly comprising *Santals, Kharias and Mundas* has become very difficult in the present time. It was therefore very important for CESR to make these people the target group for different programmes. For 1098 Childline services includes all children upto 18 years of age for special care, protection and emergency services.,

ACTIVITIES OF THE CENTRE DURING THE YEAR 2014-15

The various types of **Project** and **General** Activities conducted during the year are given below.

1. PROJECT ACTIVITIES

- A. CHILDLINE 1098 SERVICES :** CESR initiated **CHILDLINE 1098** serviceS in the district of Purulia on April, 2012 as one of the collaborating agencies of **CHILDLINE India Foundation** under the Ministry of Women and Child Development, Government of India.

CHILDLINE is a national 24-hour free call emergency service for children in need of care and protection. **CHILDLINE** aims at protecting the rights of children and ensuring access to quality service and technology to the poorest of poor. The strategy to work towards this vision is outlined in the aims and objectives. **CHILDLINE** aims at responding effectively to all calls received. **CHILDLINE** works towards sensitizing allied systems (such as the police, doctors, the community) about child rights and advocate for a child friendly society.

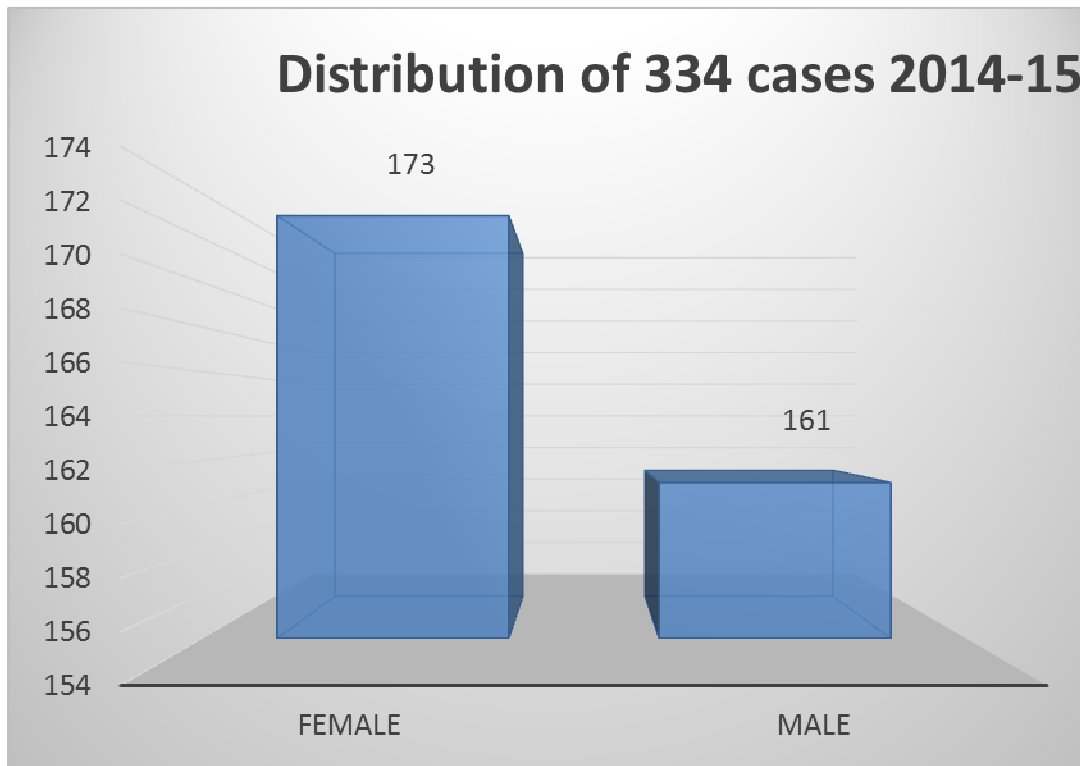
OBJECTIVES OF CHILDLINE 1098 SERVICES :

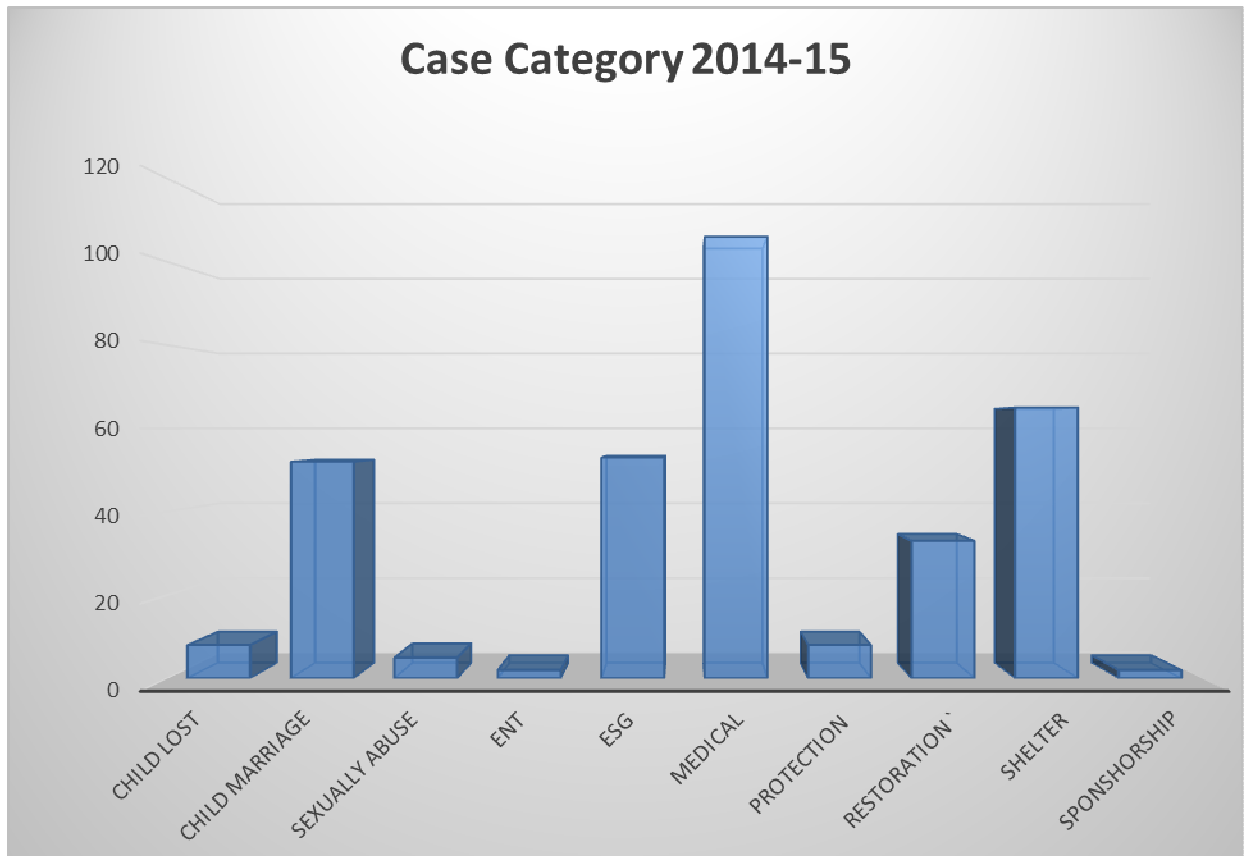
- To respond to children in emergency situations and refer them to relevant Governmental and Non-Governmental Organisations.
- To create a structure which ensures the protection of the rights of the child as ratified in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child and The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000.
- To provide a platform for networking amongst organizations and to strengthen the support systems which facilitate the rehabilitation for children in especially difficult circumstances.
- To sensitize agencies such as the public, hospitals, municipal corporations and the railways towards the problems faced by these children.
- To provide an opportunity to public to respond to the needs of children in difficult circumstances.

We work for the protection of the Rights of all children in general. But our special focus is on all children in Need of care and protection, especially the more vulnerable sections, which include:-

- Street children and youth living alone on the streets
- Child labourers working in the unorganized and organized sectors
- Domestic help, especially girl domestics
- Children affected by physical / sexual / emotional abuse in family, schools or institutions.
- Children who need emotional support and guidance
- Children of commercial sex workers
- Child Marriage
- Victims of child trafficking
- Children abandoned by parents or guardians
- Missing children

- Run away children
- Children who are victims of substance abuse
- Differently-able children
- Children in conflict with the law
- Children in institutions
- Mentally challenged children
- HIV/ AIDS infected children
- Children affected by conflict and disaster
- Child political refugees
- Children whose families are in crises





Programme Conducted by CHILDLINE during 2014-15

- Awareness camp through Chau Dance in 5 places under puncha & purulia ii blocks.
- Take active participation at Kanyashree mela.
- Awareness camp with Police dept. through Talking Doll Show, Folk Song (Jhumur Song) & Magic show (6 Police Stations).
- Special Event - Blood Donation camp at Hospital premises
- Awareness camp at schools with Secretary DLSA (discussing about Child rights, Child Protection, Cyber Crime etc.)
- CHILDLINE'S Dosti Week Celebration through Sports, Rally, Miking through Rikshwa, Drawing competition at School etc.
- Childline's birth day celebration with health department at DEIC premises (with successful heart surgical patients).
- Celebrating Child Labour Day at Ajodhya.

B. *Saving Children's lives through Mobile Health Unit Project (MHU) :*

Background:

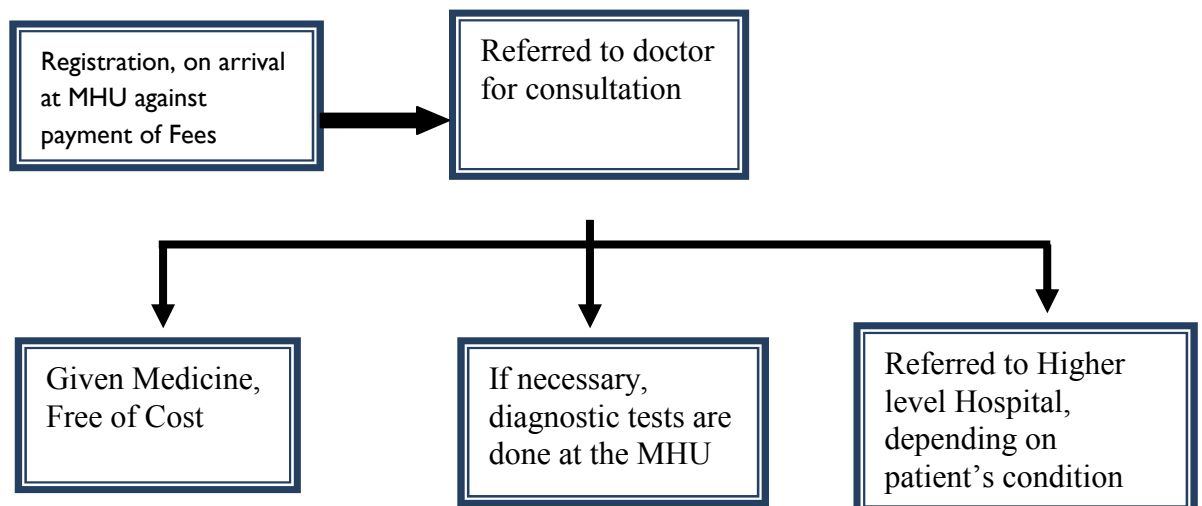
MHU is a composite unit consisting of one single bus fitted with necessary infrastructure for medical examination, diagnostic tests and distribution of a wide variety of medicines. The MHU has qualified and experienced human resources comprising of one Medical Officer, one Nurse, one Laboratory Technician, one Pharmacist and one Driver. The MHU conducts on an average 40 clinics per month in four GPs and caters to around 45,000 population in 57 villages. The services provided by MHU are - curative, diagnostics, preventive, referral, counselling and awareness generation. Against a registration fee, a beneficiary is entitled to medical check-up, diagnostics test and free medicines as per requirement. Referral to a higher health facility is another service offered by MHU. Apart from the Department of Health & Family Welfare, other key stakeholders of the project are functionaries of the ICDS, representatives of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs), and members of women Self Help Groups. Extensive community mobilization mechanism has been undertaken since inception and these include village level meetings on regular basis, advocacy with PRI members and involving them in all major programmes, advocacy with the government officials for periodic review of the programme and formulation of action plan. Besides, communication and campaign initiative is undertaken through wall writing, folk songs, talking doll show, and organizing theme-based programmes on safe motherhood, breastfeeding, nutrition etc.

Overall Goal: To reduce under five mortality and rate of under-nutrition among children aged 0-5 years

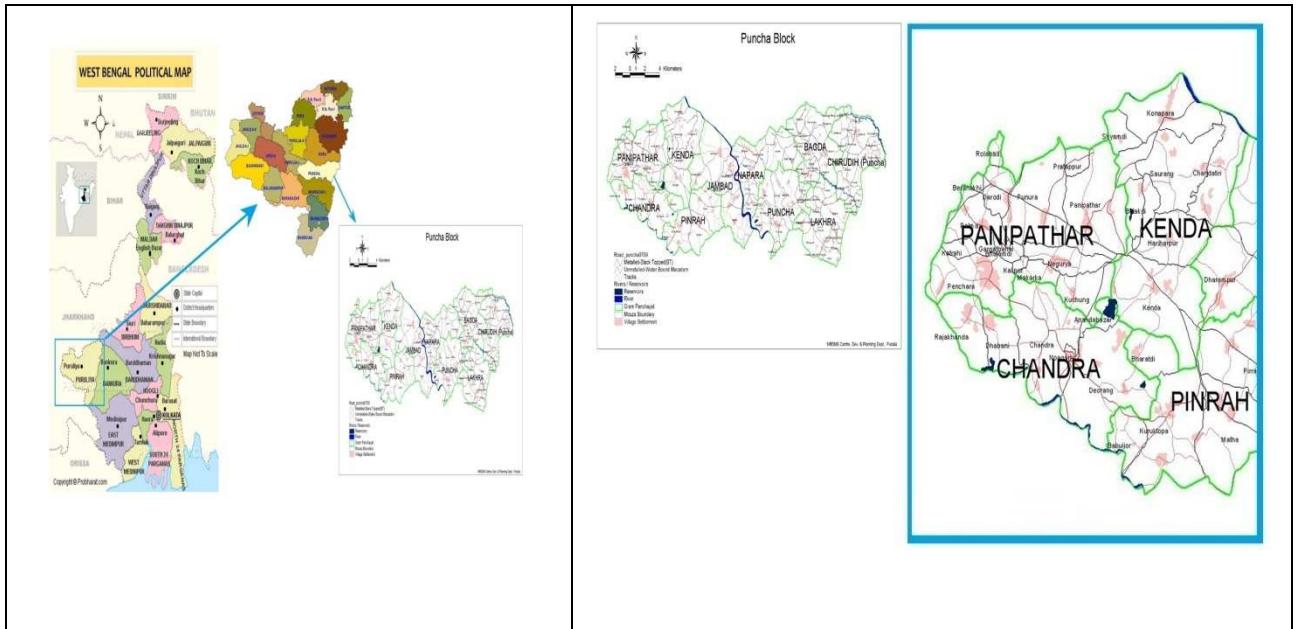
Specific Objectives:

- a) To provide Maternal, Newborn and Child Health & Nutrition (MNCH) care in remote inaccessible hamlets and villages
- b) To raise the level of community awareness on issues of institutional delivery, immunization, environmental sanitation, hygiene, and other health and nutrition related behaviours and create a demand for neighbourhood quality primary healthcare services from the government
- c) To develop an effective system of referrals & linkages with the government health facilities at different levels

Functioning of the MHU:



Overview of the Project Area

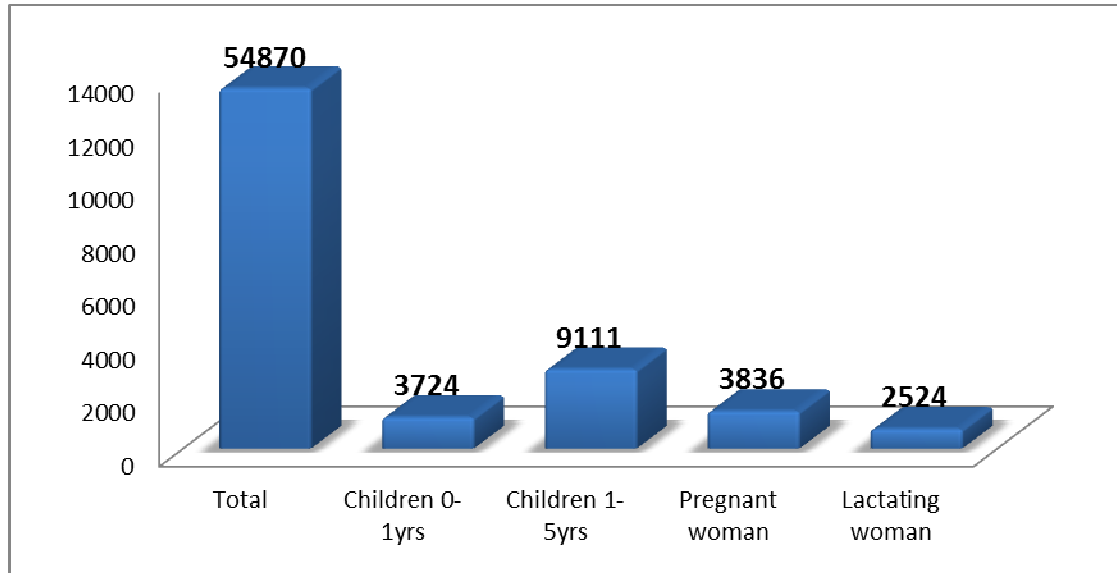


Activities Undertaken

- ❖ MHU services delivered min 10 points in a week
- ❖ Continue the network and linkages with local referral health facilities and health institutions for support the community
- ❖ Attend every month 4th Saturday meeting (convergence meeting of Health, ICDS & PRI) in GPs
- ❖ Changing mindset, perception, Attitude and Belief of the people through adopting innovative approaches
- ❖ Regular meeting with SHGs by GP level CO
- ❖ Training to GP Level Front line health worker
- ❖ Training to GP Level SHGs (1st & 2nd Phase)
- ❖ Awareness generation on MCH through Folk songs/Talking doll show/Street play
- ❖ Development of village level resource map
- ❖ Awareness generation among SHGs on preparedness for seasonal morbidity
- ❖ Exercise on seasonal childhood morbidity with PRI
- ❖ Wall Writing
- ❖ Mobilize the village level SHG groups for patient follow up on regular basis
- ❖ Tracking of Pregnant women by Field level community organizers for institutional delivery
- ❖ Celebration of special days like safe motherhood day, Breast feeding week & Nutrition week
- ❖ Regular Advocacy & Review meeting with district health Administration

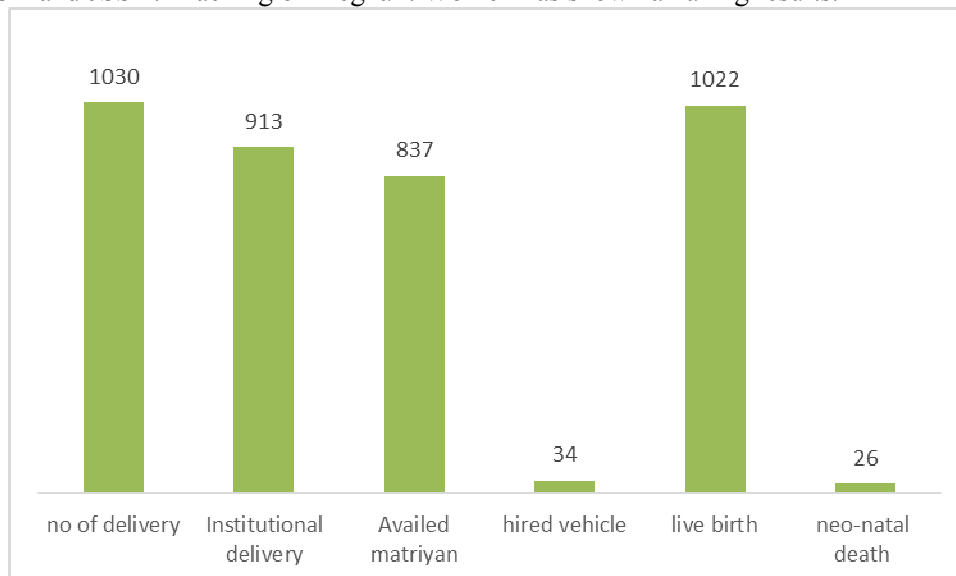
Performance Report of MHU during Operation (Sept'11 to Dec'14)
Achievement of MHU (Sept'11 to Dec 14)

During its operation during September 2011 to December 2014, MHU has provided services to 13514 people, on an average 1229 people per month. The breakdown figures are as follows-



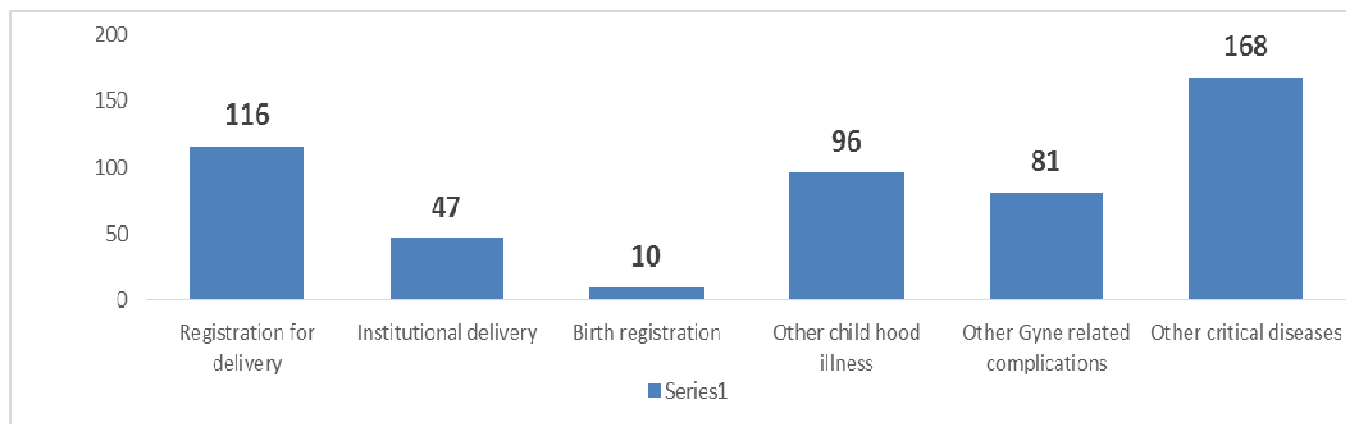
Tracking of Pregnant women (March'13 to Dec'14)

Tracking of pregnant women is an important activity initiated under MHU. The tracking is done by the SHG members, for which they were provided training. The main function of a member is to identify a pregnant mother and motivate her to take ANC services and opt for institutional delivery. She makes the necessary tie-up with the ASHA and ANM so that she is able to get all the benefits under the government schemes, including JSY and JSSK. Tracking of Pregnant Women has shown amazing results.



Functioning of referral linkages with all Sub centres, PHCs, CHCs, and District Hospital:

The project is being implemented in close collaboration with the District Health and Family Welfare and Women and Child Development department. The most remarkable issue is that the patients who have been referred to the government facilities from MHU for better treatments have got better response. Some of the patients who have been referred for treatment for critical diseases have been operated with care and after recovery they have reported to the MHU with good health status. The referral details are listed below



Present Health scenario of the Project area

MHU has made significant contribution in the health and nutrition scenario in the four GPs where it is operational, particularly in the areas of institutional delivery, immunization, ANC and PNC.

| Sl no | Indicators | Base line Survey Status(June-2011) | Dec-12 | Nov-13 | Dec-14 |
|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | Institutional Delivery | 44.23% | 67.97% | 83.30% | 91.41% |
| 2 | Home Delivery | 55.77% | 32.03% | 16.70% | 8.59% |
| 3 | Fully immunized | 63.87% | 73.00% | 89.00% | 81.20% |
| 4 | ANCs(especially 4th) taken | 34.33% | 48.50% | 74.30% | 72.07% |
| 5 | PNC within 48 hrs of birth | 39.61% | 87.50% | 91.00% | 92.78% |

C. Supplementary Education Project in Ayodhya : (April'14 to March'15)

Purulia is one of the most backward districts in West Bengal. Within the district there are some pockets with further backwardness. One such pocket is in and around Ajodhya hills where people living are bereft of certain basic services like primary health care, elementary education and livelihood support services. Its difficult terrain has further put it in disadvantaged condition. CESR has been working with the communities in the area since about a decade. It observed that the status of elementary education was in deplorable condition for various reasons and therefore wanted to initiate some intervention.

With this backdrop **Centre for Environmental & Socio-economic Regeneration (CESR)** started an experiment of creating an environment where children would enjoy learning and parents would be motivated to send their children. It started two non-formal pre-primary education centres within its own resources involving local youths during the year of 2008. Teachers of this centres were though not formally trained, but due to their high motivation along with some informal training by CESR made them very effective teachers as well as change agents amongst the community by raising the awareness level.

The experiment came out to be quite encouraging and in the year 2013 Sir Dorabji Tata Trust (SDTT) extended a supporting hand to CESR in scaling up to ten(10) education centres on another two education centres during 2014 reaching an enrolment figure of **748**. Most of these centres are situated in difficult terrains and located at a distance of 2-3 km away from nearby Govt Schools. Majority of the children enrolled are within age group of **6-14yrs**, where some are first timers and others who dropped out from formal schools. These supplementary education centres provided Pre-primary to Elementary level of education. At present out of **748** enrolled students **23** no of children are dropped out. **656** are going to formal school regularly, **66** yet to be admitted in any formal school & only **03** are extremely irregular. Though during the period of Sept'13 to Feb'15 we have successfully mainstreamed **30** drop out, **183** non-school going & **62** extremely irregular students in different Govt Schools

Objectives:-

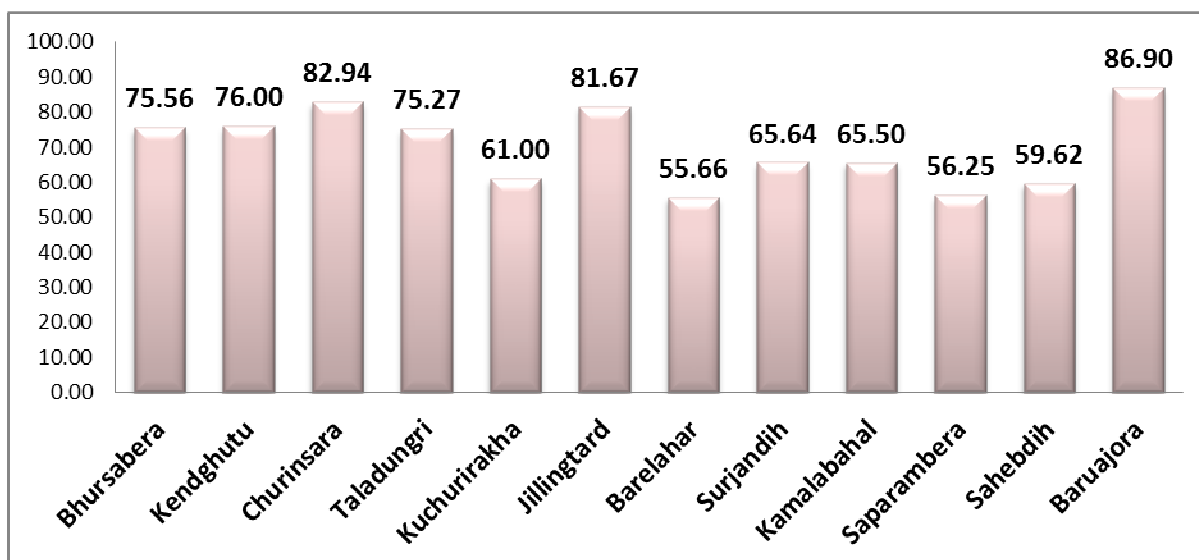
- ❖ To mainstream out of school and dropout children to government schools.
- ❖ To improve age appropriate learning for children 6 to 14 yrs through learning centres.
- ❖ Bridge the language gap between instruction at school and language spoken at home
- ❖ To improve the quality of neighbouring government schools.

Activities Undertaken:-

1. At the initial stage of the year a survey was conducted to identify the children who are not going to school or children dropped out from school.
2. Village meeting had been conducting in all project villages to provide sort of information regarding the project
3. Centre place had been selected through village meeting & which was finalized through adopting resolution & agreement paper
4. VEC committee had been formed in all villages to supervise the construction work initially
5. Meeting conducted with the parents to send those children at our school from 1st January 2013
6. Study & Sports material had been distributed in all centre

7. Teachers Exposure visit had been done in Bigha, Burdwan, West Bengal and afterwards in SUCHANA, Birbhum
8. Six days teachers capacity building workshop has taken place at APUS, Ajodhya on regular basis
9. After school hours Home Visits conducted by the teachers for non attending students at the school. Strategy taken if there are any problem of specific students to attend the school.
10. Apart from formal classes extracurricular activities like dance, song etc organized.
11. Regular parents meeting and making aware them for development of their children, exhibit the study work of students to concern parents.
12. Forest Camp has been organized in all centre
13. Support through field visit has been done by VIKRAMSHILA, Kolkata
14. Career counseling programme has been done in Two phases
15. Exposure visit of Adolescents
16. Base line & Midline assessment of students has been done
17. Centre furniture & Study materials have been supplied to all centres
18. Formation of CHILD CLUB in all centres

Centre wise Average number of student's Attendance:-



Above graph clearly indicated that average no. of student's attendance in CESR supplementary education centre is near about 68%. This result reflected by the effort of regular home visit, guardian & VEC meeting of CESR staffs. Though at initial it was very poor but gradually attendance of students has been increased. For tracking the students' progress CESR developed monitoring mechanism against the baseline data recorded about each student. Specialized training for the teachers on pedagogy and progress tracking is done on regular basis. The training focus on understanding the needs of the 6-14yrs year old learners, aspects of socialization, making learning joyful, nuances or reading, writing, arithmetic, language learning and age appropriate quality education. After analysing the baseline data it revealed that **78.21%** of students were in poor level, **11.66%** of students in satisfactory level, **6.94%** of students in good level and only **3.19%** of students in excellent level. After six months a mid-tem assessment was done using the same scale and it was found that **63.05%** of students were in poor level, **18.86%** of students in satisfactory level, **11.72%** of students in good level and **6.37%** of students in excellent level, showing though a small but significant improvement within a period of six months.

Achievements:

After one and half years journey of Supplementary education programme at Ajodhya hills we have been observed that through supplementary education centres, we are able to access appropriate learning environments, students are making better progress in centre as well as in Govt schools. Following are some outcomes like-

1. Reduced dropout rates from primary school
2. Better performance of students in nearby Govt school
3. Reduction in the incidence of Child Bonded Labour and child labour
4. Promote a culture of education and educational success in Project villages.
5. Children are happy at the school as well as in CESR education centres.
6. Attendance of children has been increased in nearby Govt schools as well as in CESR education centres.
7. Parents are interested to send their children at school & also look after their progress.
8. Parents attending at meeting regularly and interested to know regarding their children's academic situation.
9. Cooperation among the teachers, Parents & villagers, for improvement of CESR education centre has been improved.

2. GENERAL ACTIVITIES;**a> Free Coaching Centre:**

Earlier the organization started only one free coaching centre in Bondih, one of the village under Manara sector in the Barabazar Block of Purulia. But considering the interest of the students of remote villages under its operational area another two free coaching centers which were started at Bandowan and Ajodhya villages during the year 2010 were also continued during this year. All the centers are run by the youth volunteers of these localities. In these coaching centers students up to high school standard are being served. Some of the students have already reached to the level of class XI and XII.

b> Training Programme:**i. Training on Vermi Composting :**

During the year the Centre organized two vermin compost training of five days duration at APUS, Ajodhya hills and BAGUS at Bandwan. All total 63 tribal women SHG members have taken the training to know the simple techniques of vermin compost production using their household rubbish, leaf and cowdung. The main objectives of the programme were to create awareness among the tribal farmers, to know more about vermin composting and difference between chemical fertilizer and bio-fertilizers. After the completion of training out of 63 trainees 16 trainees have been producing vermin compost and utilizing that on their cultivation field.

ii. Carpentry training for tribal youthL:

In collaboration with JSS(Jan Sikhsan Sansthan), Purulia CESR organized one six month duration carpentry training at APUS, Ajodhya where 18 nos. of tribal youth from Ajodhya hill villages completed the training.

iii. By-Cycle Repairing Training :

Considering the demand of the drop out tribal youth CESR organized one month duration By-cycle repairing training programme at APUS, Ajodhya during the year in collaboration with JSS, Purulia where 18 nos. of tribal youth completed the training successfully and also received completion certificate from JSS, Purulia. Out of 18 trainees 5 nos. youth were already started repairing work and earning money for their family.

iv. Mushroom Cultivation Training :

In collaboration with JSS (Jan Sikhsan Sansthan), Purulia CESR organized one 15 days duration mushroom cultivation training at APUS, Ajodhya where 25 nos. of tribal youth (both male & female) from Ajodhya hill villages completed the training. Out of 25 trainees 3 had produced mushroom after their training.

v. Tailoring Training for Adolescent Girls :

Considering the demand of the drop out tribal adolescent girls CESR also organized one six month duration tailoring training programme at APUS, Ajodhya during the year in collaboration with JSS, Purulia. 20 nos. of girls completed the training successfully and also received completion certificate from JSS, Purulia.

vi. Training on Animal Resource Development:

Two days duration three training camps on Animal Rearing and Health Care were organized one each at Pirrah, Kashipur and BAGUS, Bandowan sectors of the Centre where 102 nos. of participants took part in the same. Of them, 41 were Male and 61 were Female SHG members.

c> Awareness Generation Programmes:

During the year 2014-15 CESR organised 22 numbers of awareness generation camps on various aspects like, adolescent health and hygiene, environmental protection & tree plantation, health, sanitation & nutrition, etc. in each sector of the Centre. Respective Panchayat and Block level personnel also attended these camps. For creating interest of the adolescents Talking dall shows were organized at adolescent health and hygiene camps. More than 1200 participants were participated in these awareness generation camps.

World Breast feeding week observation:

CESR in collaboration with Pancha ICDS project celebrated World Breastfeeding week from 1st to 7th August'2014. The aims were:-

- a) To point out the importance of breastfeeding and promote the practice.
- b) To eradicate malpractices of breastfeeding.
- c) To create awareness particularly among tribal communities and mothers of the benefits of breastfeeding.

More than 5,000 people from villages under Pirrah & Chandra GPs of Pancha CD block participated in the meetings and events held to celebrate the occasion. Mother's meeting, quiz contest, Tablow, Talking dall show and poster campaign were some of the activities undertaken to mark the weeklong celebration.

e>Agriculture Development Programme:

i. **On-farm demonstration of Mustard** also continuing since 2003 in some of the operational villages of the Centre. Earlier the villagers were not habituated with oil-seed production but after these on-farm demonstration programme farmers have started to cultivate this crop on a regular basis. It has also helped to increase the production of oil-seeds in the area. This year only 46 tribal farmers of Bandowan, Ajodhya and Keshargarh sector villages have been distributed early variety of mustard seeds.

ii. **On-farm demonstration of French Beans and Green Peas;**

During the Rabi season the centre organised On-farm demonstration of vegetables like, Green Pea & French beans 10 villages under Bandwan, Ajodhya, Kashipur and Panipathar sectors of the Centre. The tribal farmers of these villages are not habituated to grow vegetables as cash crop because of lack knowledge, irrigation water during the Rabi and Summer seasons. The workers of the centre convinced few farmers that if they grow vegetables just after rainy season they can harvest vegetables using the moisture of the soil and with very little irrigation for cabbage cultivation. So, this programme was innovative for them.

iii. **Kitchen/Homestead Gardening Programme;**

Minikits of seeds of different types of vegetables were distributed to 220 nos. of SHG women in Rabi season in all selected villages under 5 sectors of the centre. Training programmes for women on vegetable gardening were also organised before seed distribution.

d> Meeting & Seminars;

i> **Village Level Meetings;**

The Community Organisers of the Centre conducted regular village level meetings in most of the selected villages of the centre where they discussed all matters relating to the activities of the centre for the village people.

ii> **Central Level Meetings:**

Centrally at the office of the organization at Purulia monthly meetings were organised to follow up existing work and plan for future work. All the staff members and youth representatives from each sector were attended these meetings. Secretary and other CESR members normally attended these meetings for better impact.

e> Networking & Consultancy Services:

Since inception members of CESR started to organize small grass-root level people's organization/youth clubs of the operational area under a common network for the sustainable development of the area and for protecting its natural resources. For this purpose CESR organized a number of seminars, workshops and training programmes for the functional members of those grass-root level organizations.

The members of CESR also gave consultancy services in the field of participatory processes, staff development, project formulation, project implementation, monitoring & evaluation of programmes, social studies & research, financial management, etc. to various NGO's working in the field of rural development.

f> Pulse polio Programme:-

The organization also participated in Pulse Polio Programme of the Government of West Bengal in its target villages organizing the programme in collaboration with the Health Department personnel and with active participation of village level volunteers and workers.

g> Monitoring & Evaluation:-

Regular village meetings were conducted in all the sectors involving all youth clubs as routine work of the organization. The organization also arranged periodic orientation meetings with the volunteers of the different youth clubs associated with the organizations.

In each sector of the monthly meetings were organized to follow up existing work and to plan for future work to be undertaken in different villages. Two representatives from each village committee normally attended these meetings with CESR Community Organizers and Sector In-charges of each Sector of the Centre.

Executive Committee members of the centre met on regular basis and monitored the programs running by the centre. Alternatively field visit also done by the EC members on weekly basis for monitoring the current activities in the field.

PROPOSED PROGRAMMES FOR 2015-2016:

1. Continue yhe Transfer of Low-cost or no-cost technology for improving ago-based production systems of the resource poor farm families.
2. Continue to organize different types of awareness and training programmes for environmental and socio-economic development.
3. Start various types of location specific income generating programmes for the poor women.
4. Promote Nutritional garden for each family in the operational area of the organization.
5. Organize Training programme for animal resource development.
6. Wasteland development with special emphasis on dryland Horticulture and Medicinal Gardening.
7. Crop demonstration on cereals, oil seeds & pulses.
8. Organization of village level youth organization in the selected villages.
9. Leadership development training for youth leaders of the selected villages.
10. Organize Vermi compost training and demonstration programme for poor farmers.
11. Extension of education and health programmes in all the selected tribal villages.

12. Improve the health and nutritional status of people specially the mothers, children and adolescen5 in all the operational villages.
13. Start various training and developmental programmes for adolescent.

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(Debasis Panda)
Secretary